Bath & North East Somerset Council

Climate Emergency in B&NES

Wessex Community Energy Network 5 February 2020



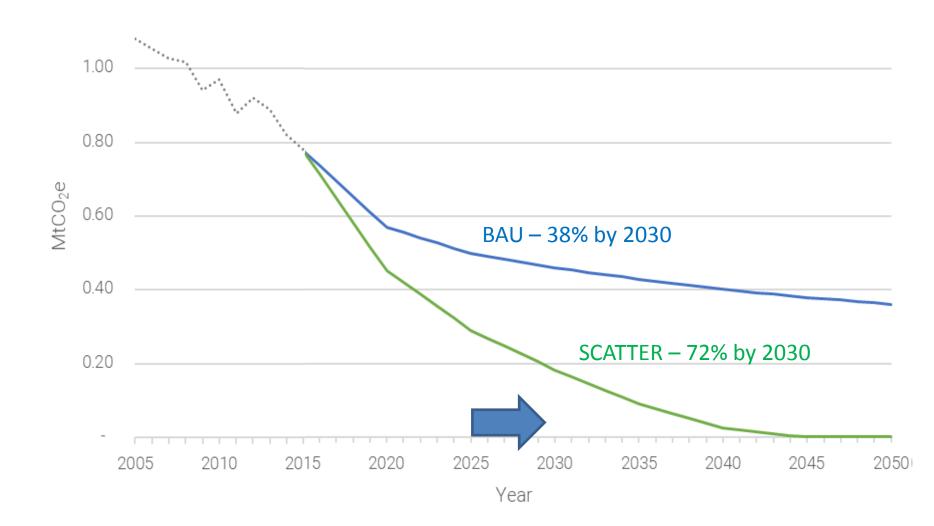
- Declare aClimateEmergency
- Provide

 leadership to
 enable carbon
 neutral B&NES
 by 2030

- District carbon emissions profile (766,867 tCO2e pa)
 - Energy use in buildings: **66%** (homes 38%; non-domestic 28%)
 - Transport: 29%
 - Other: 5% (waste 4%; agriculture, forestry, other land use 1%)

Evidence Base – key facts

- Consumption or 'outsourced' carbon emissions (1,271,590 tCO2e pa) – very provisional, limited data source, overlap with direct emissions
- Further work needed on carbon sequestration and land use issues and the ecological or nature emergency (bio-diversity and nature recovery, pollinators, soil health and local sustainable food production)



- B&NES target 100% by 2030
- National BAU 38% by 2030
- SCATTER Stretch Pathway 72% by 2030
- Based on current technology and market readiness assumptions
- Annual reviews will see changing context, assumptions and narrowing of gap

Future Emission Trajectories

- Recommended priorities are based on the SCATTER Stretch Pathway
- Achievement of all and any target by 2030 or 2050 will depend heavily on national and regional policy and action
- Numbers indicate scale and speed of action needed, not hard targets – to start conversation on how to do it

BUILDINGS

Energy efficiency of existing building stock:

- By 2030, retrofit 65,000 homes with a range of measures (eg 33,436 superglazing installations; 43, 339 loft insulations)
- All new build to be zero carbon from now

Priorities (not hard targets)

TRANSPORT emission reduction:

- Reduce car and van mileage by 25% by 2030
- Remaining cars: 76% EV; 14% petrol hybrid EV; 10% petrol/diesel by 2030
- Rail: passenger rail 100% electric by 2030; freight by 2050
- Road freight: assumed diesel, but subject to air quality/public health work underway



LOCAL RENEWABLE ENERGY

generation: for example:

- Solar PV: 50% of homes with PV roof by 2030 plus 116 football pitches worth of PV on commercial rooves and ground mounted
- Onshore Wind: 28 large 2.5MW wind turbines

- Second stage of action planning
- Rolling out community engagement programme including parish toolkit and community survey
- Setting up new community partnership
- Setting up April community event
- Planning citizen juries
- Developing new website

- Declare a Climate Emergency and commit to helping us to decarbonise by 2030
- Stimulate the local conversation on the big picture and on local action
- Organise a local event to raise awareness
- Develop a local action plan (neighbourhood plan?)
- Co-ordinate with other local groups

- Ask some questions:
 - Is there a community building that could be made more energy efficient?
 - Is there scope for a local food growing project?
 - Is rural transport the main issue?
 - Are there renewable energy opportunities that could bring local benefits?

Regional, national

- Continued engagement on regional leadership and action (WECA, SW Energy Hub)
- And on national collaboration and lobbying (Green Alliance, Ashden, UK100, LGA, ADEPT et al) for powers and funding